

General Template of the Annual Performance Report (APR)

Reference Number (FP072): Strengthening climate resilience of agricultural livelihoods in Agro-Ecological Regions I and II in Zambia UNDP

Annual Reporting Period Covered in this Report: (From 01-01-2018 to 31-12-2018)

Sections in this report:

- Section 1: General Information
- Section 2: Implementation Progress
- Section 3: Financial Information¹ (Excel worksheet attached).
- Section 4: Report on Environmental and Social Safeguards & Gender
- Section 5: Annexes
- Section 6: Attachments

SUBMITTED BY	
Ciara Daniels, Gender, Results and Reporting Coordinator Name and title	1 March 2019 Date
Please indicate if this report has been shared with the relevant NDA(s) for this Funded Activity (<u>Yes</u> /No)	Date of submission to NDA 1 March 2019

¹ Please refer to excel worksheet attached "APR Section 3 (Financial Information)". Provide as attachments to this report any detailed additional financial information if required in the Funded Activity Agreement.



SECTION 1: GENERAL INFORMATION This section provides general information on the funded activit	γ.
1. Funded Activity Title:	Strengthening climate resilience of agricultural livelihoods in Agro-Ecological Regions I and II in Zambia
2. Funding Proposal Number:	(FP072)
3. Date of Board approval - Board Meeting Number:	3/1/2018 B.19
4. Accredited Entity:	UNDP
5. Focal Point of the Accredited Entity for this Project:	Mr. Benjamin Larroquette Benjamin.larroquette@undp.org +919786293578
6. Executing Entity(ies):	Ministry of Agriculture
7. Implementation Period:	<i>From:</i> 10/12/2018 <i>To:</i> 10/12/2025
8. Current year of Implementation:	year 1
9. Date of Submission of the Report:	3/1/2019
10. Annual Reporting period covered in this report:	<i>From:</i> 10/6/2018 <i>To:</i> 12/31/2018
11. Total Project Budget ² :	137,269,000.00
12. Total amount of GCF Proceeds Approved:	32,000,000.00
13. Total amount of GCF Proceeds disbursed (cumulative) to the Accredited Entity:	3,077,613.00

² Total project budget including co-financing as reflected in the relevant Funded Activity Agreement.



SECTION 2: IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS

2.1 OVERALL (SUMMARY) PROJECT PROGRESS (less than one (1) page³).

The project was approved by the Board in February 2018 and received a Notice of Effectiveness (NoE) from the GCF in October 2018. Thus, this document reports on less than three months of implementation. Having the NoE in October 2018, the transfer of funds took place around the end of December 2018. Thus, the report is based on the project co-financing that was provided and materialised during the reporting period from the Government and UNDP, amounting to 14,530,871.35. (UNDP + Government expenditure- 569,000 and 13, 961,871.35 respectively)

The project undertook the following preparatory activities:

- Conducted orientation meetings for National, Provincial & District level staff to ensure all stakeholders are familiar with the project objectives and their roles in the project necessitated as it has taken a very long time from Funding Proposal preparation to approval (over 2 Years). The orientation workshop culminated into the 2019 work plan process.
- Commenced the recruitment process of Project Implementation Unit (PIU) staff and set up the PIU to minimize delays in the startup of the project.
- Conducted Harmonised Approach to Cash Transfers (HACT) assessments on the implementing agencies (Ministry of Agriculture (MoA at Head Quarters and 16 districts), Water Resources Management Authority (WARMA), Zambia Meteorological Department (ZMD). The results of these assessments indicated that MoA HQ and districts had low to moderate risks respectively implying that the risk was within the acceptable range that can be managed. WARMA was low risk while ZMD assessment is yet to be concluded with Ministry of Transport and Communication Head Office under which ZMD is based. The moderate risk score will be addressed by UNDP capacity building within the Project Management framework. In this regard, capacity building training for implementing partners has been arranged for the third week of January 2019 to cover among other things project reporting, financial management and communication of the results.
- Ensured that implementing partners and stakeholders were equipped with knowledge on the Learning Oriented Real Time Assessment (LORTA) activities that GCF is implementing in pilot countries that include Zambia. This took place from the 5th to the 9th of November 2019 and was conducted by the GCF Independent Evaluation Unit. The stakeholders who took part in the training include Ministry of Agriculture staff (districts, provincial and national levels), Water Resources Management Authority (WARMA), Zambia Meteorological Department (ZMD), World Food Programme (WFP), Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO) and UNDP. The LORTA activities have been included in the 2019 workplan.
- Distribution of climate resilient inputs to 79,000 farmers under the Farmer Input Support Programme (FISP) from September to December 2018. The inputs include climate resilient seeds and fertilisers which formed the biggest proportion. For the farmers practicing climate smart agriculture, the crop is performing better than the crop for farmers who are practicing conventional farming. Refer to pictures in Annex 1.
- Disseminated seasonal rain forecast for 2018/2019 to the 16 target districts and the rest of the districts in the country which contributed to farmers making decisions on planting early maturing and climate resilient seeds. Refer to <u>http://www.zmd.gov.zm/index.php?option=com_docman<emid=108</u>.
- ZMD has institutionalised dissemination of seasonal rainfall updates on a weekly basis at the national broadcaster for both TV and radio. Further, ZMD has established a WhatsApp group for media houses (10 media houses) to facilitate dissemination of weather information. Furthermore, partnerships with other stakeholders such as mobile telecommunication service providers will be enhanced in the coming years with the project support.
- WARMA has rehabilitated the central water quality laboratory to meet required standards that support water quality
 monitoring in the country including the 16 project districts. The water quality will be useful for farmers in planning, crop
 varieties to grow as well as water management.
- FAO with own financing (not captured under co-financing) continued to strengthen selected existing Farmer Field Schools (FFS) in Mambwe and Nyimba districts.

Notwithstanding the above progress, there have been delays in the implementation of project due to the delayed disbursement process, which in turn contributed to delayed recruitment and procurement.

³ Please remove text below to fit report to one page. Additional reports can be provided as other attachment to the APR.



2.2 Performance against the GCF Investment Criteria (summary) (max two (2) pages).

Provide a narrative report describing the progress on the funded activity's performance against <u>the GCF investment criteria</u> <u>framework</u>. The performance should be compared against the initial assessment provided in the Board-approved Funding Proposal (section E). The list of the investment criteria as per the current framework is provided below.

For each investment criteria outlined below, please include an assessment of current status, changes, progress and impact of the project as well as any impact of project context on the project during this reporting period against the initial baseline scenario and planned activities as per the assessment presented in the approved Funding Proposal.

2.2.1 Impact Potential (max one (1) page).

Potential of the project/programme to contribute to the achievement of the Fund's objectives and result areas Mitigation / adaptation impact potential

Project implementation is at a very early stage to determine the impact. However, it is expected that from the 79,000 farmers who accessed resilient seeds short term impacts will be seen after the harvest and marketing of the crop.

2.2.2 Paradigm shift potential (max one (1) page).

Paradigm Shift Potential

Degree to which the proposed activity can catalyse impact beyond a one-off project/programme *investment* Potential for scaling up and replication (Provide a numerical multiple and supporting rationale)

The activities that have been undertaken during this reporting period (Oct – Dec 2018) have the potential for a paradigm shift and change the business as usual approaches. These include the following;

- The ZMD has institutionalised the seasonal rainfall forecasts updates which are being extended beyond project target districts as well as involvement of other stakeholders.
- FISP is institutionalized with annual government budget allocation for provision of farm inputs to small scale farmers
 including those in the target districts. FISP covers climate resilient inputs such as legumes, weather index insurance,
 using the e voucher modality that gives the farmers a choice on the selection of climate resilient inputs. Further the
 involvement of private sector in the value chain in the input and output markets that extends beyond the project target
 districts thereby assuring sustainability.
- Farmer field schools that are being strengthened and will be established where they do not exist are being institutionalised as part of the extension service delivery.

2.2.3 Sustainable development potential (max one (1) page).

Sustainable Development Potential: Environmental, social and economic co-benefits, including gender-sensitive development impact:

The project has begun to work towards improvement of environmental, social, economic co-benefits and gender-sensitive development impact as outlined below;

- i. Economic benefits
 - Increased prospects of household incomes as a result of improved agriculture production and productivity through conservation farming. A reduction in risks associated with climate change and variability to the small holder farmers through the provision of timely and accurate weather and climate information.
- ii. Social safeguards and gender
 - empowerment of women to access seeds through prioritization of this vulnerable group in the participation of project interventions.

2.2.4 Needs of the recipient (max one (1) page).

Needs of the Recipient

Vulnerability and financing needs of the beneficiary country and population

Vulnerability of country and beneficiary groups (Adaptation only)

Vulnerability remains as it was during formulation. Continued monitoring will be undertaken to changes that will take place over time.

2.2.5 Country Ownership (max one (1) page).



The Government has demonstrated ownership through:

- Timely disbursement of Co-finance which enable start of project activities before the GCF grant funds were received: in the reporting period government has provided inputs to 79,000 farmers valued at USD 13,961,871.35 for the 16 target districts. The inputs were planted and at vegetative stage during the reporting period and farmers appreciate the inputs thus received.
- Meetings that involve farmers and extension officers under Ministry of Agriculture took place during the reporting period and farmers emphasised on the need for implementation to roll out expeditiously in view of the vulnerability that the farmers continued to be in.
- NDA has been actively involved in the orientations and work planning processes and have provided support to the processes. The NDA has been particularly impressed with the quick mobilisation to start implementation in good time.
- Government has continued to provide annual budget allocations to established entities such as WARMA, ZMD and Ministry of Agriculture are leading implementation of project activities. Activities so far carried out include government convening and facilitating awareness and planning meetings for approved project details, implementing modalities and final budget and workplan targeting lead farmers, extension officers and senior officers at district, provincial and national levels.
- Government Policies such as National Policy on Climate Change, NAP, 7NDP, NAPA, NDC, Vision 2030, SDGs are in place and have been mirrored by the Project. An agriculture sector NAP is in the process of being developed.
- In addition, WARMA has launched the Strategic Plan for 2017 2022 in December 2018. The strategic plan focuses on, among other things, strengthening water resources and water users' associations. The project seeks to establish and strengthen water associations and the SP provides an important framework for operationalisation and administration of the associations.

2.2.6 Efficiency and Effectiveness (max one (1) page).

This area will be reported on further in the next reporting period. The co-financing ensured that project activities implementation started in good time which in turn was effective in addressing climate change by building resilience of the participating households who accessed climate resilient seeds.



Project Output	Project Activity		Status⁵	Implementation progress (%) ⁶
	Project Activity 1.1 Strengthen generation and interpretation of climate information and de weather, climate, crop and hydrological forecasts are available to support smallholder farm resources used in resilient agricultural practices	Activity Started - progress delayed	2%	
1. Smallholder farmers are able to plan for and manage climate risk to support resilient agricultural production	and use of water resources exceeding the revenue target by 30% during the reporting • 1 gauging weir installed		y information ger ough the followin talled istalled gional water qual	nerated and g activities; ity laboratory
- •	Project Activity 1.2. Strengthen dissemination and use of tailored weather/climate-based of farmers receive the information they need for planning and decision-making	modelling agricultural advisories to ensure smallholder	Activity Started - progress delayed	
	 Production and dissemination of seasonal rain forecast for 2018/2019 for the 16 target districts and the rest of the districts in the country as a spill over. ZMD has institutionalised dissemination of seasonal rainfall updates (http://www.zmd.gov.zm/index.php?option=com_docman&Itemid=75) on a weekly basis on the national broadcaster for both TV and radio. ZMD has established an effective link with media houses through a WhatsApp group for media houses that disseminates daily seasonal rainfall updates. 	Crop weather bulletins translated into loca	languages and di	sseminated.

⁴ Outputs and Activities reported here should be aligned with the Activities in the Logic Framework and Implementation Timetable of the project.

⁵ Activity Not Yet Due; Activity Started -ahead of schedule; Activity started – progress on track; Activity started but progress delayed; Activity start is delayed.

⁶ Implementation progress on a cumulative basis as of the date of the report.



	 WARMA launched a brand-new website hosted by the Zambia National Data Centre aimed at increased public sensitisation on water resources management. WARMA has rehabilitated the central water quality laboratory to meet required standards that support water quality monitoring in the country. 			
	Project Activity 2.1 Promote irrigation schemes, water storage and capture as well as other increase access to water for agricultural production in the target districts within Agro-Ecolo		Activity Not Yet Due	0%
	No progress to report on as this activity has not yet been implemented during this reporting period. Water users associations formed and function project. Irrigation infrastructure constructed. 		ional in 60 camps targeted under the	
	Project Activity 2.2 Increased access to agricultural inputs (e.g. seeds, soil kits, tools) for resilient crops		Activity Started - progress delayed	14%
 79,000 farmers (27,650 females accounting for 35%) have accessed agricultural input: under the Farmer Input Support Programme (FISP) in the 16 target districts. The pack accessed allowed farmers to have seeds, fertilisers, pesticides. 		105,600 farmers access inputs with 99,000 farmers	s on the FISP and	1 6,600 from the GCF.
livelihoods are promoted in the face of changing rainfall, increasing drought and occasional	Project Activity 2.3 Introduction of new resilient agricultural production practices to strengthen production and diversify crops amidst climate variability and change		Activity Started - progress delayed	14%
floods	Out of the 79,000 farmers who accessed resilient agricultural practices and inputs that were provided under FISP 6,600 practiced conservation farming.	6,600		
	Project Activity 2.4 Introduce alternative livelihoods to strengthen resilience in target comm	nunities	Activity Not Yet Due	0%
	No progress to report on as this activity has not yet been implemented during this reporting period.	8,000 farmers benefiting from alternative livelihoo	d initiatives	
	Project Activity 2.5 Establish farmer field schools and learning centres of excellence to furth	ner document and scale up successful practices	Activity Not Yet Due	0%
	None	440 farmer field school strengthened and/or estab	lished.	
3. Increasing farmers' access to markets and	Project Activity 3.1 Strengthen processing of resilient products		Activity Not Yet Due	0%



commercialization of resilient agricultural products	None	This activity will commence in 2020		
	Project Activity 3.2 Strengthen storage, aggregation and transportation of resilient product market and SMEs	n storage, aggregation and transportation of resilient products to enhance commercialization and linkages to		0%
	None	This activity will commence in 2020		
		rease access to finance and insurance products for smallholder farmers by strengthening financial education and nt with potential financing sources including public, private, bilateral and multilateral sources		(e.g. 50%)
	None	This activity will commence in 2020		
	Project Activity 3.4 Identify available markets and promote climate-resilient products	tify available markets and promote climate-resilient products		0%
	None	This activity will commence in 2020		



2.4.1 PROGRESS UPDATE ON FUND-LEVEL IMP	PACT INDICATORS	S OF THE LOGIC FRA	MEWORK		
Fund-level impact Core indicators [®]	Baseline	Current value ⁹	Target (mid-term)	Target (final)	Remarks (including changes ¹⁰ , if any)
A1.0 Increased resilience and enhanced livelihoods of the most vulnerable people, communities and regions: Indicator 1.2: Number of males and females benefiting from the adoption of diversified, climate- resilient livelihood options	0	79,000	160,000 female 240,000 male	Female: 378,461 Male: 567,692	The achieved performance is under FISP with 27,650 women farmers (35% while participation of men farmers stood 51,350 representing 65% participation.
A2.0 Increased resilience of health and well-being, and food and water security: Indicator 2.4: Area (ha) of agricultural land made more resilient to climate change through changed agricultural practices (e.g. planning times, new and resilient native varieties, efficient irrigation systems adopted)	0	0	800 ha	2700 ha	

Project/Programme indicators (Mitigation/Adaptation)	Baseline	Current value ¹¹	Target (mid-term)	Target (final)	Remarks (including changes ¹² , if any)
A7.0 Strengthened adaptive capacity	and reduced exposure to cli	mate risks			
Use by vulnerable households, communities, businesses and public-sector services of Fund- supported tools, instruments, strategies and activities to respond to climate change and variability	57,737	0	136,110	245,516 direct (50.2% of whom are female).	Work will commence in 2020
1. Smallholder farmers are able to pla	an for ana manage climate ri	isk to support res	illent agricultural production	1	
Percentage of smallholder farmers demonstrating knowledge to plan for and manage climate risk to support resilient agricultural production disaggregated by gender	0	17% female and male smallholder farmers able to plan & manage risk	45% female and male smallholder farmers able to plan & manage risk	90% female and male smallholder farmers able to plan & manage risk	The current figures are obtained from Kazungula district who have advanced in the use of weather and CC variability information.
Percentage of population with access to improved climate information, weather and agricultural advisories (disaggregated by gender)	0	9% of female population	52% of female population	62% of female population	This obtained in three districts namely Gwembe, Sesheke and Mambwe.
Perception of targeted populations on the timeliness, content and reach of weather, agricultural and water advisories	0	7% of both female and male populations have a positive perception	30% of both female and male populations have a positive perception on timeliness, content and reach of weather, agricultural and water advisories	70% of both female and male populations have a positive perception on timeliness, content and	This obtainable in three districts namely Gwembe, Sesheke and Mambwe.

 ⁷ Per the approved methodology in and the Logic Framework in the Funding Proposal, please provide an update on the relevant indicators.
 ⁸ As per the relevant indicators established in the Funding Proposal and the Performance Measurement Framework, including all indicators approved by the Board and relevant updates agreed with GCF, if applicable.

⁹ As of 31December of the relevant year.

¹⁰ Related to the approved indicators and targets in the Logic Framework.

¹¹ As of 31December of the relevant calendar year.

¹² Related to the approved indicators and targets in the Logic Framework.



Project/Programme indicators (Mitigation/Adaptation)	Baseline	Current value ¹¹	Target (mid-term)	Target (final)	Remarks (including changes ¹² , if any)
		on timeliness, content and reach of weather, agricultural and water advisories		reach of weather, agricultural and water advisories	
2. Resilient agricultural livelihoods ar	e promoted in the face of ch	anging rainfall, i	ncreasing drought and occasi	ional floods	
Number of farmers adopting new agricultural practices and alternative livelihoods	0	5250 comprising of 3150 female and 2100 male	Female: 40,000 Male: 60,000	Female: 83,000 Male: 124,510	The figures are from Kazungula and Chongwe
Percentage increase in agricultural incomes in the project sites	0	0	35% of both male and female smallholder farmers show an increase in agricultural incomes by at least 25%	70% of both male and female smallholder farmers show an increase in agricultural incomes by at least 60%	The change will only occur after harvesting of current crop due in June/July 2019.
3. Increasing farmers' access to mark	ets and commercialization of	f resilient agricul	tural products		
Percentage of resilient commodities produced by target farmers that are sold on the markets	0	0	40%for both female and male	80% for both female and male	The change will only reflect after harvesting of current crop due in June/July 2019.
Percentage of households accessing financial education programmes related to credit and insurance schemes	0	0	20%	50%	This activity will commence this year 2019.



2.5 IMPLEMENTATION CHALLENGES AND LESSONS LEARNED5

Describe implementation challenges faced during the last reporting period, including measures adopted and lessons learned. If any issues have arisen in the last twelve (12) months of implementation that may result in a change to the scope and/or timing of the project, please provide a description of those items and how they have impacted the implementation period and final targets.

Challenge encountered	Type ¹³	Measures adopted	Impact on the project imple- mentation ¹⁴	Lessons learned and Other Remarks
.N.A.	Finan- cial	N.A	Choose an item.	N.A.
N.A.	Choose an item.	N.A.	Choose an item.	N.A.

2.6 REPORT ON CHANGES DURING IMPLEMENTATION (include actual and expected changes)

Describe changes to the project during the reporting period. In particular, the report should cover elements such as change of beneficial ownership structure, management changes of the Accredited Entity, policies and other elements relevant for the project, and any other material change that could influence the overall outcome of the project.

Zambia has been selected by the GCF as a pilot country for the GCF IEU Learning-oriented Real-time Impact Assessment (LORTA). Inclusion of LORTA activities such as control groups and capacity building activities that will require additional resources beyond what has been approved in the funding proposal by the GCF under M & E. the detailed concept note. While waiting for the approval of the concept note and budget for the LORTA, as a precaution in the 2019 budget some activities for LORTA have been included.

No material changes foreseen at this point.

 ¹³ Implementation; Legal; Financial; Environmental/Social; Political; Procurement; Other; AML/CFT; Sanctions; Prohibited Practices.
 ¹⁴ Minor/Solved; Moderate; High.



SECTION 4: REPORT PROJECT SPECIFIC ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS & GENDER 4.1 IMPLEMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS AND GENDER ELEMENTS (max 1 page)

Please provide information on the project or programme on the following: (1) key risks and impacts as identified; (ii) compliance with applicable laws and regulations including FAA conditions and covenants; and (3) progress in the implementation of environmental and social management plans and programs including monitoring activities undertaken during the implementation of the funded activity.

(1) The information includes description on any changes in the key environmental and social risks and impacts as identified and arising from the implementation including any unanticipated risks and impacts (*ex. from changes in laws and regulations*) and, based on these if any change in the project's environmental and social risk category. In case of a change in the E&S risk category for the project, please provide an explanation. This initial social and environmental risks described in the FP and its annexes have not changed yet. During the course of the implementation of the project regular monitoring and assessments of these risks will be carried out by the project management unit and UNDP.

(2) The information should include status of compliance with applicable laws and regulations of the country as well as the relevant conditions or covenants under the FAA. This can be captured in the table below:

Status of compliance with applicable laws and regulations and the conditions and covenants under FAA – No activities have started in the reporting period as funds were not yet received.

Applicable laws and regulations/ conditions and covenants	Status of compliance
FAA Clause 7.01 This Agreement shall enter into effect on the date upon which the Fund dispatches to the Accredited Entity a notice of its acceptance of the evidence specified below ("Effective Date"): (a) A duly authorized and executed copy of this Agreement by the Accredited Entity; (b) A certificate issued by the Accredited Entity's most senior legal officer, in a form that is satisfactory to the Fund, certifying that this Agreement entered into by the Accredited Entity has been duly authorized or ratified by all necessary corporate actions, duly executed and delivered on behalf of the Accredited Entity, and is legally binding and enforceable upon the Accredited Entity in accordance with its terms; and (c) An indicative disbursement schedule by the Accredited Entity indicating month and year for the Disbursement of the GCF Proceeds by the Fund to the GCF Account for the implementation of the	FAA clause 7.01(a - c) has been fulfilled as of 12 October 2018.
Funded Activity. FAA Clause 9.01 The obligation of the Fund to disburse GCF Proceeds in connection with the Funded Activity under this Agreement shall be subject to the following conditions having been fulfilled to the satisfaction, in form and substance, of the Fund: (a) General conditions for all Disbursements: (i) Other than in relation to the first Disbursement, submission to the Fund by the Accredited Entity of evidence that at least seventy per cent (70%) of the funds previously disbursed by the Fund have been spent on Eligible Expenditures; (ii) Other than in relation to the first Disbursement, submission to the Fund by the Accredited Entity of APRs and Financial Information in accordance with the AMA; (iii) Delivery to the Fund by the Accredited Entity of a Request for Disbursement, signed by the person or persons authorized to do so, within thirty (30) calendar days prior to the date on which the Disbursement is requested to be made, which shall not be later than the Closing Date;	FAA clause 9.01(a)(iii - iv) and (b)(i – iv) for first disbursement has been submitted and fulfilled as of 12 December 2018. FAA clause 9.01 (a)(i - iv) for second disbursement will be fulfilled at the second disbursement request period.



(iv) Delivery to the Fund by the Accredited Entity of evidence	
indicating the status and the amount of the Co-financing funds	
disbursed and applied to the Funded Activity implementation	
activities up to the date of the request for funds made by the	
Accredited Entity; and	
(b) Conditions precedent to first Disbursement:	
(i) Effectiveness of this Agreement;	
(ii) Delivery to the Fund by the Accredited Entity of an executed copy	
of the Subsidiary Agreement, in the form of a Project Document,	
between the Accredited Entity and the Executing Entity;	
(iii) Delivery to the Fund by the Accredited Entity of evidence,	
satisfactory to the Fund, of the authority of the person or persons	
authorized to sign each Request for Disbursement (with respect to	
the GCF Proceeds and the Accredited Entity Fees) under this	
Agreement, and the authenticated specimen signature of each such	
person; and	
(iv) Delivery to the Fund by the Accredited Entity of a completed,	
detailed evaluation of the Executing Entity's and the Responsible	
Parties' financial management capacity under the Framework for	
Cash Transfer to Implementation Partners, indicating that the	
Executing Entity and the Responsible Parties have financial	
management capacity to implement the Project.	
FAA Clause 10.02	FAA Clause 10.02
In addition to Clause 18.02 of the AMA, the Accredited Entity	a. Please refer to the financial information reporting parts
covenants that as from the Effective Date of this Agreement it shall:	of the APR for the information on the status of co-fi-
(a) Upon request by the Fund, inform the Fund on the status of the	nance materialisation (disbursement/application).
Co-financing funds that have been disbursed and applied to the	b. Please refer to financial information reporting parts of
implementation of the Project activities;	the APR. We confirm that the executing entity has al-
(b) Confirm to the Fund, in the APRs to be submitted to the Fund,	located in its annual budget the relevant co-financing
that the Executing Entity has allocated in its annual budget the	and it has been applied in line with the implementation
relevant Co-financing resources for the implementation of the	progress.
Project to the satisfaction of the Accredited Entity;	c. Inception Report (including the Implementation Plan)
(c) Deliver to the Fund an inception report, in accordance with	will be submitted within the deadline (6 months after
	FAA effectiveness).
Schedule 4, which shall include the Implementation Plan with an	,
indication of the relevant deliverables in the time line, in form and	d. Adequate measures will be undertaken during the im-
substance satisfactory to the Fund;	plementation of the project. Initial steps include: SOPs
(d) Undertake and/or put in place any adequate measures in order to	and training are being prepared for the PMU to be able
ensure that the management of the environmental and social risks	to produce ESMPs for each construction.
and impacts arising from the Funded Activity complies at all times	e. UNDP will ensure that, during the implementation of
the recommendations, requirements and procedures set forth in the	the project, GCF Proceeds will not support of finance
Environmental and Social Management Framework ("ESMF"), which	any activities with category A risk.
was provided by the Accredited Entity to the Fund before the	f. The land in which the project will be carried out is gov-
Approval Decision;	ernment-owned. In the case that the private-owned
(e) Ensure that the GCF Proceeds will not support or finance, directly	land is used by the project, letters of consent will be
or indirectly, any activities with potential environmental and social	collected.
risks that are equivalent to category A pursuant to the Environmental	g. UNDP will submit the detailed ESMPs prior to com-
and Social Risks Categories to be conducted as part of the Project;	mencing construction activities. The expected
(f) Obtain, or ensure that the Executing Entity shall acquire, all land	timeframe is June 2019.
and rights in respect of land that are required to carry out the	h. UNDP will ensure that, during the implementation of
Funded Activity and promptly furnish to the GCF, upon its request,	the project, UNDP co-financing will be obtained and
evidence that such land and rights in respect of the land are available	contributed in a timely manner.
for the purposes of the Funded Activity;	i. Appropriate measures will be taken during implemen-
(g) Prior to commencing any construction works or activities for the	tation of the project.
implementation of the Project, submit the detailed Environmental	j. Appropriate measures will be taken to ensure (i) and (ii)
and Social Management Plan ("ESMP") related to the relevant	during implementation of the project.
construction works or activities to be executed;	k. UNDP fiduciary principles and standards relating to
(h) Ensure that the Co-financing provided by or flowing through	AMT/CFT will be applied during the implementation of
UNDP for the execution of the Funded Activity is obtained from and	the project.
contributed by UNDP in a timely manner;	



(i) Take appropriate measures to ensure that the Co-financing and	
the GCF Proceeds are disbursed and/or applied proportionally and	
simultaneously for the implementation of the Funded Activity;	
(j) Ensure that (i) in case the access to the land on which the project	
will be implemented and the access to natural resources thereon are	
restricted due to the project implementation, for any period of time,	
prior written consent from the affected communities is obtained and	
(ii) any such restrictions do not result in temporary or permanent	
economic displacement of communities;	
(k) Apply, in accordance with its own policies and procedures, its own	
fiduciary principles and standards relating to AML/CFT in the	
implementation of the Funded Activity; and	
(I) In case of a change of the authorized representative to sign the	
Request for Disbursement, provide, together with the Request for	
Disbursement, evidence, satisfactory to the Fund, of the authority of	
such person to sign the Request for Disbursement and the relevant	
authenticated specimen signature or such person.	
FAA Clause 10.03	FAA Clause 10.02 is noted and will be fulfilled during the
Pursuant to Clause 23.04 of the AMA, the Accredited Entity shall	final APR period.
inform the Fund, in the final APR, which steps it intends to take in	
relation to the durable assets and/or equipment purchased with the	
GCF Proceeds to implement the Funded Activity.	
Environmental Management Act 2011	The implementation of interventions that will have an effect
The principal legislation governing environmental management in	on the environment will only commence in the second
Zambia is the Environmental Management Act 2011 (EMA). The EMA	quarter of 2019.
provides for the sustainable management of natural resources and	
protection of the environment, and the prevention and control of	
pollution. Of particular relevance is section 29 of the Act which states	
that "A person shall not undertake any project that may have an effect	
on the environment without the written approval of the Agency, and	
except in accordance with any conditions imposed in that approval".	
The Act also provides for public participation in decision-making and	
access to environmental information. The EMA and its regulations	
provide the overall environmental regulatory framework for the	
project. Environmental Protection and Pollution Control,	
(Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 1997: The	
Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations (EIA Regulations)	
under the EMA requires that before a developer commences	
implementing a project, an EIS be prepared and submitted to the	
relevant regulatory authority for review and approval. With respect to	
the project, the following may be relevant: First Schedule (Regulations	
3(2)) lists projects that require Project Briefs, 11n): Pumped Storage	
schemes is potentially relevant. Second Schedule (Regulation 7(2))	
Projects which require EIA; potentially relevant to project are: 3.	
Dams, rivers and Water Resources a) Dams and barrages: covering a	
total of 25ha or more b) Exploration for, and use of, groundwater	
resources including production of geothermal energy: water to be	
extracted to be more than 2 million cumecs (m3/s) 5. Forestry Related	
Activities b) Reforestation and afforestation 6. Agriculture (a) Land	
clearance for large scale agriculture. (b) Introduction and use of	
agrochemical new in Zambia. (c) Introduction of new crops and	
animals especially exotic ones new to Zambia. (d) Irrigation schemes	
covering an area of 50 Ha or more. (e) Fish farms: production of 100 tonnes or more a year. (f) Aerial and ground spraying 10. Nature	
tonnes or more a year. (f) Aerial and ground spraying 10. Nature Conservation Areas (c) Introduction of alien species of flora and fauna	
tonnes or more a year. (f) Aerial and ground spraying 10. Nature	



(3) Provide a report on the progress made in implementating environmental and social management plans (ESMPs) and frameworks (ESMFs) describing achievements, and specifying details outlined in the tables below.

Implementation of management	t plans and programmes		
(i) activities implemented	(ii) outputs during the	(iii) key environmental,	(iv) any pending key environmental,
during the reporting period,	reporting period	social and gender issues,	social and gender issues needing
inlcuding monitoring		risks and impacts addressed	accredited entity's actions and GCF
		during implementation	attention

N/A

Additionally, include a description of the actions undertaken towards increasing the relevant stakeholders' engagement in the project environmental, social and gender elements, and a list on the grievances received in the reporting period that will include at least the description of the grievance, the date the grievance was received, and the resolution of the grievance.

The project has begun to work towards improvement of environmental, social, economic co-benefits and gender-sensitive development impact as outlined below:

- iii. Economic benefits
 - Increased prospects of household incomes as a result of improved agriculture production and productivity through conservation farming. A reduction in risks associated with climate change and variability to the small holder farmers through the provision of timely and accurate weather and climate information.

iv. Social safeguards and gender

• empowerment of women to access seeds through prioritization of this vulnerable group in the participation of project interventions.

Information below in this sub-section should be provided for all projects regardless of the E&S risk category for the project

Implementation of the stakeholder engagement plan

(i) activities implemented	(ii) dates and venues of	(iii) information shared with	(iv) outputs including issues
during the reporting period	engagement activities	stakeholders	addressed during the
			reporting period

Implementation of the grievance redress mechanism - NONE

implementation of the grievance rearess meenanism	Hone
(i) description of issues/complaints received	(ii) status of addressing issues/complaints
during the reporting period	

4.2 GENDER ACTION PLAN



Provide a progress report on the gender action plan developed during project preparation stage for the reporting period. This will primarily be a report on activities undertaken and results achieved as a result of completion of an activity. Further it should also indicate if the project is on track to achieving the intended outcome(s).

The reporting should be done for activities, targets and indicators already set in the action plan including on vulnerable groups (youth, poor, female heads of households, etc.) as would have been identified in the gender analysis and action plan. If activities or targets are not achieved as per plan, reasons should be provided, and recourse action should be proposed. Please include a reporting on any changes or deviations.

Preparatory activities on ensuring gender sensitive implementation such as identifying women groups and leaders, defining the gender strategy and raising awareness. A SES officer is in the process of being recruited to ensure strong coordination on social and environmental safeguards.

In the reporting year, the activities undertaken with co-financing revolved around providing agricultural inputs (seeds). Out of the 79,000 beneficiaries that received inputs, 27,650 were women, giving a percentage of 35%, though still below Southern Africa Development Community (SADC) gender convention target of 50%.

More details will be provided in the next reporting period.

4.2.1 PROGRESS ON IMPLEMENTING THE PROJECT-LEVEL GENDER ACTION PLAN SUBMITTED WITH THE FUNDING PROPOSAL.

Activities/ac- tions	Indicators	Baseline	Targets, in- cluding sex- disaggre-	Timeline	Responsibilities	Budget	Report on annual progress	
Output 1. Crea	lik aldan famman		gated targets				d	-
					to support resilient and data collection			emplate
					nolder in planning a			
		ultural practices						
Identification	Number of	0	62% of	Year 1 to 7	ZMD in coordi-	369,000	-	
of both men	women and		female		nation with			
and women's	men en-		populatio		MOA and			
needs when it comes to	gaged in the generation		n provided		WARMA			
climate	and analysis		with					
information	of climate in-		access to					
and	formation		improved					
weather/agri			climate					
cultural	Type and		informati					
advisories	quality of weather and		on, weather					
Engagement	agricultural		and					
of both men	advisories		agricultur					
and women	produced		al					
in the			advisories					
generation								
and analysis								
of climate- related data								
related data								
Develop-								
ment and								
promotion of								
tailored and								
targeted								
weather and agricultural								
advisories								
that are gen-								
der sensitive								
and take into								
account the								
needs of women and								
men								
	engthen dissem	ination and use o	of tailored weath	er / climate-b	ased agricultural ad	visories to ensur	e smallholder	
		ormation they ne	ed for planning		-	1	1	
Identify	Number of			Year 1 to	ZMD in	100,000	-	
differentiate	dissemina-			year 7	coordination			
d needs related to	tion channels designs spe-				with MOA and WARMA			
format and	cifically to							
content of	target							
weather and	women							
agricultural								
advisories to	Number of							
target both men and	women and men receiv-							
women	ing weather							
_	and agricul-							
Define	tural adviso-							
specific	ries							
disseminatio	Newsler - C							
n channels that would	Number of women and							
be best able	men small-							
to reach	holder farm-							
women and	ers using ad-							
men.	visories to in-							
	form their							



Integration	agricultural						
of gender	planning						
into trainings	Number of						
on interpre-	women and						
tation and	men involved						
use of cli-	in training on						
mate infor-	-						
mation	interpreta- tion and use						
mation	of climate in-						
	formation						
	Tormation						
Output 2: Resi	ilient agricultura	l livelihoods in tl	ne face of chang	ing rainfall, in	creasing drought a	nd occasional flo	ods
					other resilient wate		trategies to
increase access	s to water for agr	icultural product	ion in the target	districts withi	n Agro-ecological R	legions I and II	
Identify				Year 1 to	MOA and DWA	200,000	-
female	Number of			year 7			
smallholder	male and fe-						
farmers who	male small-						
are working	holder farm-						
with existing	ers adopting						
irrigation	new irriga-						
schemes and	tion schemes						
/ or those							
who are	Number of						
interested in	men and						
introducing	women par-						
water	ticipating in						
management	trainings on						
technologies	resilient wa-						
	ter manage-						
Integration	ment ap-						
of gender	proaches						
and the							
roles/respon	Number of						
sibilities	men and						
around	women par-						
access and	ticipating in						
use of water	water user						
to trainings	groups						
on water							
management							
approaches	Number of						
for water	women in						
user groups	formal lead-						
and Water	ership posi-						
User	tions of Wa-						
Associations	ter User As-						
- 0	sociations						
Define							
strategies to	Changing						
support	role of men						
increased	and women						
water access	in water ac-						
and irrigation	cess and use,						
for both men	including wa-						
and female	ter manage-						
stallholder	ment ap-						
farmers	proaches						



							1
Ensure the							
involvement							
of both men							
and women in water user							
groups and							
associations,							
including							
equal							
participation							
in leadership							
positions							
Activity 2.2: Inc	reased access to	agricultural inpu	uts (e.g. seeds, so	oil kits) for resi	lient crops		<u> </u>
Identify	Number of	5	(- 0 /) 00	Year 1 to	MOA	8,000,000	-
differentiate	smallholder			year 7	WICA	0,000,000	_
d needs and	farmers re-			year /			
priorities of	ceiving agri-						
•	cultural in-						
input types (e.g. type of							
	puts, dis-						
crop) for	aggregated						
men and	by gender						
women in	Turner of						
target	Types of						
districts	seeds distrib-						
	uted to farm-						
Increase	ers, differen-						
access to	tiated by						
seeds of	gender						
drought,							
pest-	Number of						
resistant and	women and						
early	men involved						
maturing	in trainings						
crop	on seed						
varieties	multiplicatio						
equally for	n						
both men							
and women							
farmers							
Increase							
adoption of							
diversified							
crops equally							
for both men							
and women							
farmers in							
target							
communities							
Engagement							
of both men							
and women							
equally in							
seed							
multiplicatio							
n training							
and							



implementati on							
Activity 2.3: Int variability and		w agricultural pra	ictices to strengt	hen productio	on and diversify	crops in the context of c	limate
	-		0001 - f			2 000 000	
Increase	Number of participants	0	90% of female	Year 1 to Year 7	MOA	3,000,000 -	
adoption of	engaged in		recipients	Teal 7			
diversified	training and		are able to				
crops for	technical		strengthen				
women in	support for		production				
target	introduction		and				
communities	of new agri-		diversify				
communicies	cultural prac-		amidst				
Introduce	tices, dis-		climat				
new	aggregated		e				
agricultural	by gender.		variabi				
practices for			lity				
both women	Number of		and				
and men	female recip-		chang				
drawing on	ients able to		e with				
indigenous	strengthen		the				
knowledge	production		Introd				
strategies	and diversify		uction				
from both	amidst cli-		of new				
genders	mate varia-		agricul				
	bility and		tural				
Identification	change with		practic				
of	the Introduc-		es				
agricultural	tion of new						
practices	agricultural						
that also	practices						
align with							
the needs	Success rate						
and priorities	of new agri-						
of both men	cultural prac-						
and women	tices intro-						
	duced with						
Identify and	regards to						
document	crop yield						
indigenous	Success rate						
knowledge,	of new						
practices and	agricultural						
coping mechanisms	practices						
informed by	introduced						
both men	with regards						
and women	to time						
	saved for						
	other						
	activities						
•		ve livelihoods to	-				
Community	Number of	0	378,461 women	Year 1 to	MOA	4,000,000 -	
dialogue /	participants		benefit	Year 7			
conversation	engaged in		from the				
and	training and		adoption				



engagement	adoption of		of				
to identify	new		diversified				
livelihood	alternative		, climate-				
options that	livelihoods,		resilient livelihood				
fit the needs	disaggretaed		options				
of both men	by gender		options				
and women	by Bender						
Identification	Number of						
of female	women in						
community members	leadership						
	positions in						
who are	newly estab-						
interested in	lished coop-						
becoming	eratives or						
champions	farmer						
and leaders	groups for al-						
for adopting	ternative						
alternative	livelihoods						
livelihoods							
members							
who are							
working							
within							
existing							
systems and							
whom are							
introduced							
to alternative							
livelihoods							
Engagement							
of both men							
and women							
in training							
and technical							
support for							
introducing							
alternative							
livelihoods							
	ablish farmer fie	ld schools and le	arning centers o	f excellence to	further document	and scale up suc	cessful
		nder differing ne					
Take into	Number of	0	83,000	Year 1 to	FAO	100,000	-
account	female par-	Ť	female	Year 7			
gender	ticipants con-		recipie				
differentiate	sulted and		nts are				
d needs for	engaged in		able to				
knowledge	the develop-		strengt				
exchange	ment of		hen				
and learning	farmer field		produc				
to inform the	schools and		tion				
approach	learning cen-		and				
and	ters of excel-		diversif				
curriculum of	lence (influ-		y amidat				
the schools	encing their		amidst				
and learning	power of au-		climate				
centers	tonomy, ex-		variabil				
	posing them		ity and				
	to decision-		change				



					1
Community	making and	with			
dialogue /	leadership	the			
conversation	opportuni-	Introdu			
and	ties and gen-	ction			
engagement	erating own-	of new			
with women	ership)	agricult			
and men to		ural			
determine	Number of	practic			
local context	farmers en-	es			
specific and	gaged in				
appropriate	training pro-				
training	grammes,				
methods for	disaggre-				
farmer field	gated by				
schools and	gender				
learning	0				
centers of	Number of				
excellence	female par-				
	ticipants				
Identification	completing				
of local	training pro-				
context	grammes (re-				
specific	tention				
female	rates)				
appropriate	Tates)				
training	Number of				
methods,	women				
identifying	trainers or in				
their specific	other leader-				
needs,	ship posi-				
	tions				
priorities and	tions				
goals,	Number of				
including	Number of				
existing roles	female recip-				
and	ients able to				
responsibiliti	strengthen				
es (e.g.	production				
timing of	and diversify				
trainings)	amidst cli-				
	mate varia-				
Integration	bility and				
ofgender	change with				
into the	the Introduc-				
content of	tion of new				
training and	agricultural				
curriculum of	practices				
schools and					
centers					
Developmen					
t and					
promotion of					
tailored and					
targeted					
gender					
sensitive					
training					
manuals /					



guidelines /							
workshops							
workshops							
Output 3: Incre	easing farmers' a	ccess to market	s and commercia	lization of res	silient agricultural p	products	I
Activity 3.1 Str	engthen processi	ing of resilient pr	oducts				
Identification	Number of			Year 1 to	MOA	200,000	-
of processing	women and			year 7			
methods and	men en-						
strategies	gaged and						
which align	supported in						
with the	processing of						
roles/respon	resilient						
sibilities of	crops						
both men							
and women	Number of						
	women in						
Engage	leadership						
women in	positions						
training on	around						
processing	processing						
resilient	approaches						
crops,	(e.g.						
supported by	responsibility						
targeted	for						
measures to	maintenance						
strengthen	funds,						
their	organized						
leadership in	cooperatives,						
this process	training of						
	trainers)						
Activity 3.2 Str	engthen storage.	aggregation and	transportation of	of resilient pro	l oducts to enhance c	ommercializatio	n and linkages
, to market and			•	•			
Engage	Number of			Year 1 to	WFP	100,000	-
women in all	women and			year 7			
trainings and	men en-						
provide	gaged in the						
opportunitie	new storage,						
s for them	aggregation						
within the	and trans-						
storage,	portation						
aggregation and	networks						
transportatio	Number of						
n networks.	female small-						
	holder farm-						
	ers with Im-						
Identify	proved ac-						
approaches	cess to mar-						
that take	kets						
into account							
the differing	Number of						
roles and	women sup-						
responsibiliti	ported in the						
es of both	development						
men and	of rural en-						
women.	terprises,						
	business						
	training and						



	[1	r		1		
Identify	capac-						
female	ity/skills						
community	building						
members							
who are	Number of						
working	women en-						
within	gaged in						
existing	leadership						
market	and decision-						
systems and	making train-						
those who	ing						
are							
interested in	Number of						
joining this	women in						
form of	leadership						
employment	and decision-						
	making roles						
Promotion of				l I			
market-				l I			
orientated				1			
and gender				l I			
sensitive							
training							
Incorporate							
gender							
sensitive							
training on							
business							
skills,							
leadership							
and decision-							
making							
Addition of							
gender							
training into							
the rollout or							
curriculum of							
any				l I			
agricultural,				1			
climate				1			
change				1			
adaption,							
business,				1			
leadership				1			
and				1			
entrepreneur				1			
training				1			
					farmers by engaging	g with potential	tinancing
		e, bilateral and m	uiti-lateral sourc			400.000	
Identify	Number of			Year 1 to	WFP	100,000	-
specific	women par-			year 6			
barriers to	ticipants en-			1			
access to	gaged in			1			
finance for							
both men	training on fi-			ļ			



and women I hance insur-	
and women, nance, insur-	
and facilitate ance and	
dialogue business	
with finance	
providers Number of	
women and	
Ensure all men adopt-	
training on ing new fi-	
finance and nancial or in-	
business surance	
capacity is products	
equally	
delivered to	
both men	
and women	
Integrate	
gender	
issues into all	
training on	
business	
skills,	
leadership	
and decision-	
making	
Building and	
tailoring an	
asset base	
for female-	
headed	
households	
and poor	
women, in	
addition to	
improving	
access to	
service	
providers,	
including micro-credit	
and	
insurance	
providers	
Activity 3.4 Identify available markets and promote climate-resilient products for women	
Engagement Number of 0 80% of Year 1 to WFP 100,000 -	
of both men farmers en-	
and women gaged in commodities	
in campaigns providing produced by	
around crops to na- target female	
nutrition and tional home- farmers are	
alternative grown school sold on the	
crops feeding pro- markets	
gramme (dis-	
Ensure aggregated	
procurement by gender)	
of	
indigenous Number of	
foods is from women and	



both male	men tar-			
and female	geted for nu-			
smallholder	trition edu-			
farmers	cation, dis-			
equally	aggregated			
equality	by gender			
Ensure links	by Bender			
with private	Number of			
sector actors	school			
on resilient	children			
crops target	engaged in			
both male	establishing			
and female	school			
stallholder	gardens -,			
farmers	disaggregate			
laineis	d by gender			
Identify	a by genuer			
strategies to	Number of			
target both	private			
men and	sector			
women in	partnerships			
nutrition	between			
education	private			
	sector and			
Identify	smallholder			
strategies to	farmers,			
target both	disaggregate			
girls and	d by gender			
boys in	,			
school				
garden				
activities and				
raising				
awareness				
on resilient				
crops				



4.3 PLANNED ACTIVITIES ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS

Provide a list of activities in the ESMP to be implemented in the next reporting period. Include relevant deliverables such as reports or action plans, and other project specific products. Please include the monitoring schedule concerning ESS (including other potential vulnerable groups and indigenous people) for the next annual reporting period.

The following activities have been planned for 2019 to adhere to the project's ESMF:

- Orientation of beneficiaries and stakeholders on the environmental and social safeguards management during the Inception Workshop, and through implementation of the Stakeholder Engagement Plan and ESMF?
- Regular screening and monitoring of the Environmental and Social Management Framework and the risks associated to it will be done throughout the project period. Based on this assessment the ESMF and the risks will be updated. Updating
- Groundwater pump tests and laboratory testing (broad suite)
- Water Quality Monitoring (monitoring to be undertaken)
- Sediment Sample Field Testing
- Erosion, Drainage and Sediment Control Plan
- Before any construction, as per FAA, a site specific ESMP will be prepared.

4.4 PLANNED ACTIVITIES ON GENDER ELEMENTS



Provide a list of activities in the gender action plan to be implemented in the next reporting period. Include relevant deliverables such as reports or action plans, and other project specific products including processes that will be involved to implement the activities effectively. Please include the monitoring schedule concerning gender activities for the next annual reporting period.

Report on actions taken on any of the recommendations made by the secretariat (if applicable) to improve the level of integration of gender issues in the project.

Activities planned for 2019 include:

- Identification of female community members who are engaged in existing systems of climate information
- Identification of female community members who are interested in engaging in strengthening interpretation of climate information
- Identify female community members who are working with existing irrigation schemes and / or those who are interested in introducing water
- Improvement of female smallholder farmers access already to existing irrigation schemes or commence with new water management practices
- Increase access to seeds of drought, pest- resistant and early maturing crop varieties for women farmers
- Identify and document indigenous knowledge, practices and coping mechanisms
- Community dialogue / conversation and engagement
- Identification of female community members who are working within existing systems and whom are introduced to alternative livelihoods
- Identification of female community members who are not working within existing systems, however are introduced to alternative livelihoods Community
- Determination of provincial, district and local plans to incorporate climate risks and opportunities
- Identification of female community members who are interested in training.



SECTION 5: ANNEXES

Annex 1. Updated implementation timetable for the Funded Activity.

Annex 2. Accredited Entity compliance reports (self-assessment reports¹⁵, report on actions pursuant to Clause 18.02, if applicable¹⁶).

SECTION 6: ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1. Unaudited/Audited financial statements (as required by FAA). N/A

(If available. If not submitted, indicate date of submission.)

Attachment 2. Interim/Final evaluation report (as required by FAA). N/A

(If available. If not submitted, indicate date of submission.)

Other Attachments (if any). Such as additional budget-related information, loan repayment schedules to GCF (interest/principal), equity investment schedules, other related reports relevant to the Funded Activity, statements of capital account, valuation reports, credit guarantee agreements, investor reports, and others, as specified in the relevant legal agreements (e.g. Funded Activity Agreement, Shareholders Agreement)

¹⁵ In accordance with the Monitoring and Accountability Framework, a self-assessment of its compliance, in accordance with Clause 13.01 of the Accreditation Master Agreement, with the Fiduciary Principles and Standards, ESS and Gender Policy.

¹⁶ Only applicable to International Accredited Entities. In accordance with the Monitoring and Accountability Framework, a report on its actions carried out or planned to be carried out pursuant to Clause 18.02 of the Accreditation Master Agreement.